

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
A LEVEL
H443/01
LATIN**

Unseen Translation

**TUESDAY 5 JUNE 2018: Afternoon
TIME ALLOWED: 1 hour 45 minutes
plus your additional time allowance
MODIFIED ENLARGED 24pt**

**YOU MUST HAVE:
the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet
(OCR12 sent with general stationery)**

**DO NOT USE:
a dictionary**

**OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:
none**

DO NOT USE A DICTIONARY

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF



INSTRUCTIONS

Use black ink.

Complete the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.

Answer BOTH Section A AND Section B.

Write the number of each question clearly in the margin.

Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).

INFORMATION

The total mark for this paper is 100.

The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].

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SECTION A: Unseen Prose

- 1 Translate the following passage into English. Please write your translation on alternate lines. [50]

News of the recent exploits of Maximus impresses not only people in Rome but also the Carthaginian general Hannibal. Meanwhile, the consul Geminus sails with a fleet to Africa but his overconfidence results in disaster.

ut fama rei gestae Romam perlata est, omnes Maximum laudibus ad caelum tulerunt. par gloria apud Hannibalem hostesque Poenos erat; tum primum senserunt cum Romanis atque in Italia bellum esse. nam Poeni biennio ante et duces Romanos et milites adeo spreverant ut vix cum eadem gente bellum esse crederent cuius terribilem famam a patribus acceperant. 5

dum haec geruntur in Italia, Geminus consul cum classe centum viginti navium, circumvectus oram Sardiniae, ad Africam navigavit et, priusquam in continentem escensiones faceret, Menige insula vastata et decem talentis argenti acceptis ab incolentibus Cercinam ne et ipsorum ager diriperetur, ad litora Africae accessit copiasque exposuit. inde milites ad populandum agrum emissi. in insidias autem temere inlati, cum locorum ignari ab gnaris circumvenirentur, cum multa caede ac foeda fuga retro ad naves repulsi sunt. ad mille hominum cum quaestore amissum est. classis ab litoribus plenis hostium soluta in Siciliam cursum tenuit, ubi tradita est praetori ut ab legato eius Romam reduceretur. 10 15 20

Livy 22.30–31

NAMES

Maximus, -i (m)
Hannibal, -alis (m)
Poeni, -orum (m pl)
Italia, -ae (f)
Geminus, -i (m)
Sardinia, -ae (f)
Africa, -ae (f)
Menix, -igis (f)
Cercina, -ae (f)
Sicilia, -ae (f)

Maximus
Hannibal
the Carthaginians
Italy
Geminus
Sardinia (an island)
Africa
Menix (an island)
Cercina (an island)
Sicily

WORDS

biennium, -i (n)
escensio, -onis (f)
talentum, -i (n)
populor, -ari
temere
gnarus, -a, -um

period of two years
landing
a talent (amount of money)
I ravage, destroy
rashly
aware of, knowing

SECTION B: Unseen Verse

- 2 (a) Translate the following passage into English. Please write your translation on alternate lines. [45]

Ovid explains how the cypress tree became a symbol of mourning. A tame stag was once befriended by a boy called Cyparissus. One day the boy accidentally shot it and in his sorrow asked the gods to let him mourn forever. Apollo took pity by turning him into a cypress tree. In this way the cypress became a place for people to mourn ever after.

There was a mighty stag, sacred to the nymphs who live on the plains. Free from fear and putting aside any shyness it came to men's homes and let even strangers stroke its neck.

sed tamen ante alios, Cae pulcherrime gentis,
gratus erat, Cyparisse, tibi: tu pabula cervum
ad nova, tu liquidi ducebas fontis ad undam,
tu modo texebas varios per cornua flores.
aestus erat mediusque dies, solisque vapore 5
fessus in herbosa posuit sua corpora terra
cervus et arborea frigus ducebat ab umbra.
hunc puer imprudens iaculo Cyparissus acuto
fixit et, ut saevo morientem vulnere vidit,
velle mori statuit. quae non solacia Phoebus 10
dixit? ut hunc leviter pro materiaque doleret
admonuit! gemit ille tamen munusque supremum
hoc petit a superis, ut tempore lugeat omni.
iamque per immensos egesto sanguine fletus
in viridem verti coeperunt membra colorem. 15
ingemuit tristisque deus 'lugebere nobis
lugebisque alios aderisque dolentibus' inquit.

Ovid, 'Metamorphoses' X.120–142 (with omissions)

NAMES

Ceus, -a, -um

Cyparissus, -i (m)

Phoebus, -i (m)

**Cean (from the island of
Ceos)**

Cyparissus

Apollo

WORDS

pabulum, -i (n)

cervus, -i (m)

texo, -ere

aestus, -us (m)

vapor, -oris (m)

iaculum, -i (n)

solacium, -i (n)

pro materia

pasture, feeding place

stag

I weave

heat

warmth

javelin

comfort, consolation

in proportion to the

cause, moderately

lugeo, -ere

I mourn

egero, -ere, -gessi, -gestus

I pour out

viridis, -e

green

2 (b) Write out and scan lines 5–6: [5]

**aestus erat mediusque dies, solisque vapore
fessus in herbosa posuit sua corpora terra**

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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